

Sub. : Maths Std. IX (CBSE)

## Answer Paper 10 : Heron's Formula

**Total Marks : 30** 

		Section I (Each 1 Marks)	Q.9 :
Multiple choice Questions (MCQs)			
Q.1	:	Heron's formula is :	
Ans	:	d) $\Delta = \sqrt{s(s-a)(s-b)(s-c)}, 2s = a+b+c$ .	Ans :
Q.2	:	The angles of a triangle are in the ratio 3 : 5 : 7, the triangle is :	
Ans	:	a) An acute angled triangle	
Q.3	:	The length of each side of an equilateral triangle having an area of	C 1
		$9\sqrt{3}$ cm <sup>2</sup> is.	Q.10 :
Ans	:	d) 6cm	Q.10 .
Q.4	:	If each side of a scalene $\triangle$ is doubled then area would be increased by	
Ans	:	a) 300%	
Q.5	:	An isosceles right triangle has area 9cm <sup>2</sup> . The length of its hypotenuse is.	
Ans	:	d) 6cm	Ans :
Q.6	:	Area of a triangle is equal to:	
Ans	:	c) <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> (Base x Height)	0.11
<b>Q.7</b>	:	The area of an equilateral triangle	Q.11 :
		having side length equal to $\sqrt{3}/4$ cm	
	Â	(using Heron's formula) is:	
Ans	÷	c) $3\sqrt{3}/64$ sq.cm	
Q.8	):	The base of a right triangle is 8 cm and the hypotenuse is 10 cm. Its area will be	Ans :
Ans	:	a) $24 \text{ cm}^2$	

- **2.9** : If the area of an equilateral triangle is  $16\sqrt{3}$  cm<sup>2</sup>, then the perimeter of the triangle is
- Ans : b) 24 cm

For question number 10 to 11 two statement are given one labeled Assertion and other labeled Reason select the correct answer to these questions from the codes (a), (b), (c) and (d) as given below

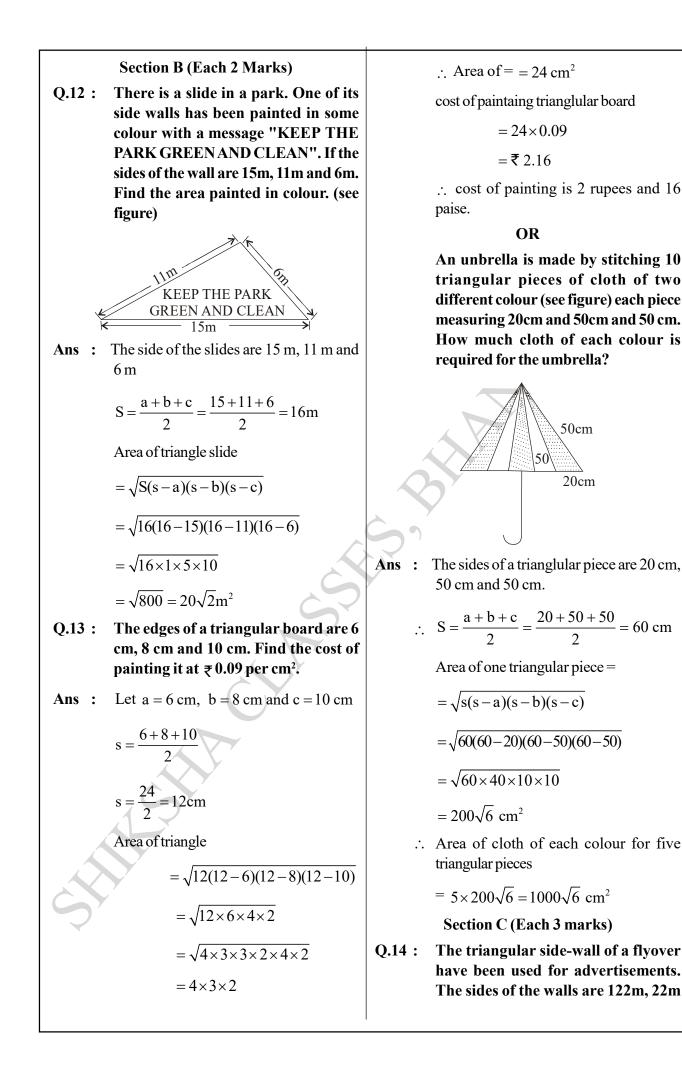
**2.10 :** Assertion: the area of an equilateral triangle having each side 4 cm is  $4\sqrt{3}$  cm<sup>2</sup>

**Reason: Area of an equilateral** triangle =  $(\sqrt{3}/4) \times a^2$ 

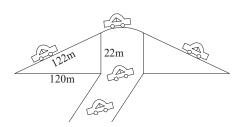
- and reason is correct explanation for Assertion
- **2.11 :** Assertion: The right angled triangle if hypotenus is  $5\sqrt{2}$  cm then other two side equal to 5 cm each

Reason: in right angled triangle base<sup>2</sup> + perpendicular<sup>2</sup>= hypotenus<sup>2</sup>

a) both Assertion and reason are correct and reason is correct explanation for Assertion



and 120m (see figure). The advertisements yield an earning of ₹ 5000 per m<sup>2</sup> per year. A company hired one of its walls for 3 months, how much rent did it pay?



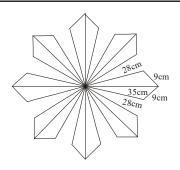
Ans : The sides of the triangular wall are a = 122 m, b = 22 m, c = 120 m

:. 
$$S = \frac{a+b+c}{2} = \frac{122+22+120}{2}$$
  
=  $\frac{264}{2} = 132m$ 

Area of triangular wall

$$= \sqrt{s(s-a)(s-b)(s-c)}$$
  
=  $\sqrt{132(132-122)(132-22)(132-120)}$   
=  $\sqrt{132 \times 10 \times 110 \times 12}$   
=  $10 \times 11 \times 12 = 1320 \text{ m}^2$   
Cost of hiring the walls for three months.  
= Area × Rate × time  
=  $1320 \times 5000 \times \frac{1}{4}$   
= ₹1650000  
(3 months =  $\frac{1}{4}$  years)  
OR

A floral design on a floor is made up of 16 tiles which are triangular, the sides of the triangle being 9cm, 28cm, and 35cm (see in figure) find the cost of polishing the tiles at the rate of 50 P per cm<sup>2</sup>.



- Ans : Here, the sides of one tile are 28 cm, 35 cm and 9 cm.
  - $\therefore \text{ Perimeter of triangular tile} = 28 + 35 + 9$ = 72

 $\Rightarrow$  S(semi perimeter) =  $\frac{72}{2}$  = 36cm

Area of one tile = 
$$\sqrt{36(36-28)(36-35)(36-9)}$$

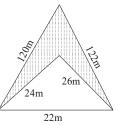
$$= \sqrt{36 \times 8 \times 1 \times 27} = \sqrt{7776}$$
$$= 88.2 \text{ cm}^2$$

Area of 16 tiles =  $16 \times 88.2 = 1411.2 \text{ cm}^2$ 

Cost of polishing =  $\overline{\mathbf{a}}_2 \times 1411.2$ 

=₹705.60

Q.15 : Calculate the area of the shaded region in the given figure.



Ans : For the triangle having the sides 122 m, 120 m and 22 m.

$$S = \frac{122 + 120 + 22}{2} = 132$$

Area of the triangle =  $\sqrt{s(s-a)(s-b)(s-c)}$ =  $\sqrt{132(132-122)(132-120)(132-22)}$ 

$$= \sqrt{132 \times 10 \times 12 \times 110}$$
  
= 1320 m<sup>2</sup>

For the triangle having the sides 22 m, 24 m and 26 m.

$$\therefore$$
 S =  $\frac{22 + 24 + 26}{2} = 36$ 

Area of the shaded region

$$=\sqrt{36(36-22)(36-24)(36-26)}$$

$$=\sqrt{36\times14\times12\times10}$$

 $=24\sqrt{105}$ 

$$= 24 \times 10.25 \text{ m}^2$$

 $= 246 \text{ m}^2$ 

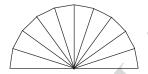
Therefore, the area of the shaded region

= 1320 - 246

 $= 1074 \text{ m}^2$ 

## Section - D

Q.16 : A hand fan is made by stitching 10 equal size triangular strips of two different types of paper as shown in fig. The dimensions of equal strips one 25 cm, 25 cm and 14 cm. Find the area of each type of paper needed to make the hand fan.



Ans : For one triangular strip : a = 25 cm, b = 25 cm, c = 14 cm

semiperimeter (s) = 
$$\frac{a+b+c}{2}$$

$$=\frac{25+25+14}{2}$$
  
s =  $\frac{64}{2}$  = 32 cm

Area of 1 triangular strip

$$= \sqrt{s(s-a)(s-b)(s-c)}$$
$$= \sqrt{32(32-25)(32-25)(32-14)}$$

- $= \sqrt{32 \times 7 \times 7 \times 18}$  $= 7\sqrt{32 \times 18}$  $= 7\sqrt{16 \times 2 \times 2 \times 9}$  $= 7 \times 4 \times 2 \times 3$  $= 168 \text{ cm}^2$
- $\therefore$  Area of 1 triangular strip = 168 cm<sup>2</sup>
- $\therefore$  Area of 5 triangular strip =  $168 \times 5$
- : Area of 5 first typs of strips
- $= 840 \text{ cm}^2 \& 5 \text{ second type of strips}$

 $= 840 \text{ cm}^2$ .

## OR

If each side of a triangle is double, then find the ratio of area of the new triangle thus formed and the given triangle.

Ans : Let a, b, c be the sides of the triangle and s be semi perimeter

Thus, 
$$s = \frac{a+b+c}{2}$$

or 2s = a + b + c ..... (i)

Area of the triangle

$$= \sqrt{s(s-a)(s-b)(s-c)}$$
 .... (ii)

According to the statement, the sides of the new triangle will be 2a, 2b and 2c let s' be the semi perimeter of the new triangle

$$s' = \frac{2a + 2b + 2c}{2} = a + b + c$$
 ..... (iii)

From (i) and (iii)

s' = 2s

Area of the new triangle

$$= \sqrt{s'(s'-2a)(s'-2b)(s'-2c)}$$
$$= \sqrt{2s(2s-2a)(2s-2b)(2s-2c)}$$

$$= \sqrt{168(s-a)(s-b)(s-c)}$$

$$= 4\sqrt{s(s-a)(s-b)(s-c)}$$

$$= \frac{4}{\sqrt{s(s-a)(s-b)(s-c)}}$$

$$= \frac{4}{1} = 4:1$$
SECTION - E
Q.17 : Case Study : (Any Four) 4
A farmer has a triangular plot of land with a pond at the centre, which he uses to rear his cattle, sheep and poultry, as shown below.  

$$\int_{\frac{1}{\sqrt{y}}} \int_{\frac{1}{y}} \int_{\frac{y}{y}} \int_{\frac{y}{y$$

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