

Section (B) Attempt any three 6 : State Kirchhoff's laws. Q.3 : A galvanometer has a resistance of 50 ohm and its full scale of deflection current is 50 μ A. What Q.4 :. resistance should be added to it to have a range of 0-10 V? Q.5 : State any two sources of errors in meter bridge experiment and how to minimize it. Q.6 : The e.m.f. of a cell is 2V. It balances the length of 250 cm of a potentiometer wire when it is in open circuit. When it is shunted by a resistance of 4Ω , the balancing length is reduced by 50 cm. Calculate the internal resistance of cell. Section (C) 3 : Attempt any one Q.7 : Obtain the condition for balanced Wheatstone's network. Q.8 :. Explain the use of potentiometer to compare the e.m.f.s of two cells by sum and difference method. Section (D) : Attempt any one 4 Q.9 : i) Explain the use of potentiometer to determine the internal resistance of a cell. ii) A potentiometer wire of length 4 m has a resistance of 4_{Ω} . What resistance must be connected in series with the wire and a battery of e.m.f. 2V so as to get a potential drop of $100 \,\mu\text{V} / mm$ along the wire? Q10: i) Explain the use of potentiometer to compare the e.m.f.s of two cells by connecting them individually. ii) A wire of uniform cross-section is bent in the shape of a ring. Two diametrically opposite points on the wire are connected in the left gap of a meter bridge. In the right gap, a resistance of 15_{Ω} is introduced. If the null point is obtained at 70 cm from the left end of the meter bridge wire, find the resistance of the wire of the ring. * * *

